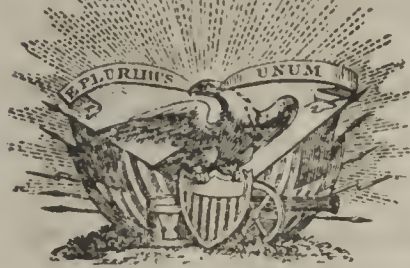


SEMI-WEEKLY GAZETTE.



NATIONAL NOMINATION!

FOR NEXT PRESIDENT,
Martin Van Buren,
OF NEW YORK.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
Richard H. Johnson,
OF KENTUCKY.

FOR GOVERNOR OF KENTUCKY,
Matthews Flournoy,
Of Fayette County.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
Elijah Hise,
Of Logan County.

KENTUCKY ELECTORAL TICKET

SENATORIAL ELECTORS,
THOMPSON WARD, Greenup county.
WM. T. WILLIS, Greene.

CONGRESSIONAL ELECTORS.
1st Dis Chittendon Lynn of Caldwell.
2d " F C Sharp, of Christian.
3d Jas. B. Donaldson, of Warren.
4th Roles Garth, of Wayne.
5th Joseph Haskin, of Mercer.
6th Gen. Elias Barbee, of Green.
7th John Pope, of Washington.
8th Patrick H. Pope, of Jefferson.
9th Alexander Lackey, of Floyd.
10th Ben Taylor, of Fayette.
11th Thomas Marshall, of Lewis.
12th Nicholas D. Coleman, of Mason.
13th Lewis Sanders, Sr., of Gallatin.

LEXINGTON, 18th June, 1836.
Mr. Bradford, A house leaved me with the
perusal of the following beautiful Ode on the death
of JAMES GRANVILLE FAYLE. In presenting it
for publication, which I do by permission, I have
but one regret, which is, that the father of that
interesting little boy, (the author has told me) his
School, should still be the victim of the deep-rooted
grief, and the corroding and soul-seducing
falsity and poeticality that has been in every line
of it. Yours, &c. W. M.

"MY BOY."
Thou glorious son the horizon adorning,
How oft have I seen thy pure beams from the east,
Gild with splendour and beauty, the lovely spring
morning.
Whilst darkness reeling, fled down in the west!
Alas! oft have I seen thee, thus gloriously rising,
When gladness and joy sweeten'd my soul at the
sight!
But now, I look on thee, with heart agonizing,
And in my waking hours, these agonizing delights!
For hush! is the voice of one, soft, ever cheering,
And still is the heart that beat tender and true;
And closed are those eyes, every look so endearing,
That brought with affection, and sweetness on me!
In vain the sweet fancies, the soft air perfuming,
Their fragrance and odours so lovely impart;
Nearer, nearer will the fairies come, or rather in bloom-
ing,
Again cheer the cold, and this desolate hearth!
My Agnes there is gone! and this inspiring breeze blow-
ing,
The unnumbered zephyrs will charm me no more!
And mourn but the stream of my sorrows when
flowing,
Can soothe this sad heart, till its throbbings are
o'er!

From the Daily Buffalo Journal.
"O AHEAD!"
"O ahead!"
The heart said,
"I should tread
On heads of dead!"
With sack upon his back,
And rifle in his hand,
He made his hasty track
To the patient land.
Swiftly the forest ranging through,
He cried, "beware of danger now,
As you are led!"
"O ahead!"
And echo said,
"O ahead!"
"O ahead!"
And on he sped,
Through pines that led
To glory's bed!
Nor slack'd his rapid pace,
Till on the Pexian he'd
He saw the frowning brow;
And when he saw those peales,
His off's crack the chorus ring,
And every then the hero's tongue,
While women fled,
"Mid currents red,
From those that fled,
Chief, 'go ahead!"
Well 'go ahead!"
Then each one said;
"The lion's head,
Or we are dead!"
The fatal conflict rose,
But when the deadly fight!
By hundreds he threw foes,
And with a tiger's might—
"Mid fiery bolts and burning rocks—
Hail fighting to the last, brave Chieftain,
"O ahead!"
The last he said
When fell his head
Among the dead!

THE TURK UNBEARDED.

A LIVERPOOL FACT.
Some time since, business brought a
Turkish merchant to Liverpool; being a
person of liberal disposition, and possess-
ing the means of displaying it, his ac-
quaintance was much sought by the thrif-
ty and calculating Liverpore. He was a
robust, good looking man of about thirty-
five, and glorying in a beard of most
respectable longitude, as black as jet,
which it was his particular care to keep
duly trimmed and delicately perfumed.
At one of the conversazioni of the place,
he fell in with the wife of a certain Signor
G—a gentleman employed in the digni-
fied or custom-house, but who hap-
pened at this time to be in Florence,
whether he had been called by a law suit,
Though a Tuscan Signor G. was, an al-

most solitary instance of the kind, sub-
ject to occasional fits of jealousy, and
when summoned by his ill-fated Floren-
ce, left his feather bed, with consider-
able reluctance; but being put to a choice
of evils, he wisely preferred leaving his
wife for a time, to the risk of losing his
money for ever.

The lady, as I have said, attracted the
Merchant's attention. Being some-
what of a coquette, the novelty of a Tur-
kish admirer hit her fancy extremely; so
that poor Ahmet was long, ensnared in
the meshes of Cupid, without a pro-
spect, or even a wish, to extricate himself.
Never hearing the fair hint at her being
encumbered with a husband, he naturally
enough concluded that she was either
maid or widow, and consequently fair
game, to be wooed and to be won, for he
did not see the difference of religion
down as a great obstacle. One evening,
therefore, whilst engaged at the house of
a friend, in *under let a tete*, he offered
in tolerable *Engua franca*, for real Italian
he nei her understood very well nor
spoke very intelligibly, to take his Chris-
tian enslayer to Constantinople as his
wife. Hearing this fair proposal, unwill-
ing, no doubt, to risk the loss of her ad-
mirer by a candid explanation, she banter-
ed him without giving a decisive an-
swer to his question. In this manner
she put him off from day to day, whilst
the enamored Turk continued to press
his suit with more fervor than ever. In
the mean time Signor G. having terminat-
ed his affairs, was daily expected from
Florence. His lady was not particular of
him, that he should become acquainted
with the advantageous offer made
her in his absence. But how to get rid
of her Turkish swain, who besieged her
closely as a beleaguered city! She at
length hit on what she conceived an in-
fallible plan for this purpose. His pre-
ference for his beard was no secret to
her, and on this she based her operations.
Accordingly, when he next pressed her
as usual, "Really," she said, "I might
be prevailed upon but for that odious
beard!"

"O! how heard!" reiterated the petri-
fied Turk, "he blessed prophet cannot
boast of a finer."
"I don't care," replied the fair one,
"you will never do for me, with that
gaunt appendage to your chin."
In fine, to cut the matter short, the
reader must know that the Turk, con-
prehending but little Italian, understood
the lady that she would be his, provided
he mutilated his beard, and that this once
done she was truly his own by contract
implied and expressed between them.
Though the loss of his beard was a very
severe trial, he resolved to give his mistress this ex-
treme proof of the intensity of his adora-
tion. Little did the simple follower of
Mahomet imagine the wiles of which
our fair Christian is capable, and still
less did his deceiver conceive a Turk
could ever reconcile himself to the loss
of his beard.

Next morning a loud knocking an-
nounced a visitor. The cameraiera came
running up to tell her mistress, as well
as she could for laughing, that the Turk
was come.
"Centaur!" said the Signora.
"With a whole levy of Turks at his
heels!"

"Male," answered the lady.
"And without a hair on his chin?"
"Pshaw!" cried her mistress, "what
shall we do now?"

Our Turk already, as he conceived,
the husband of the lady in force of the
stimulation between them, was come
with a dozen stout Turks of his crew,
each bearing a nuptial present for the
bride, in order to take possession of the
lady and her residence, in which he pro-
posed fixing his quarters during his stay
in Leghorn. These affairs, by the way,
are managed much more simply and with
less ado in Constantinople than in us.
Having directed his attendants to remain
without in the anteroom, until summoned
to attend, he hurried in on the wings of
love to salute his fair bride. His twelve
followers, with all the gravity of Turks,
gazed themselves down in the middle
of the room, and making themselves
quite at home, produced their pipes, and
began composedly to send up the odor-
ous fumes in volumes to the ceiling.
In the meantime the fair Liverpore with-
in was sadly embarrassed. In vain she
prayed, expostulated, re-entreated, ex-
plained. The enraptured Turk would
listen neither to excuse nor entreaty.
"Had he not sacrificed his beard?" Was
not his chin as smooth as his own? Was
ever woman more fairly or more dearly
won? How the scene would have end-
ed, we cannot pretend to determine, had
it not happened that just at this moment,
Signor G. himself walked in. When he
entered the anteroom, and beheld twelve
Turks smoking in a circle, like the signs
of the zodiac in the days of Pharon, he
had almost begun to think he had mistak-
en the house. Upon inquiry what all the
meant, one of the grave dozen hacon-
ically gave him to understand that the
residence now belonged to his master.

"Indeed!" said Signor G. much edified
by the intelligence.
"How has that happened?"

"He has married the lady this morn-
ing," puffed out the Musselman.
"The devil he has!" roared Signor G.
"what a new husband! and a Turk to
boot, after six weeks absence?" And he
rushed into the inner apartment. There
he found his lady resisting, as we have
described, the overtures of the smooth-
chinned Turk. "Mr. Husband!" cried the
lady. "My wife!" said the gentle-
man. The disappointed Musselman
stood aghast at what he heard; whilst the
Signora began to explain to Signor G.
the meaning of such a strange scene, as
well as I could, whether entirely to her

husband's satisfaction is uncertain. Be-
cause it may, he very politely assured
his intended successor, that, according to
the laws of the country, wives being al-
located one husband at a time in Italy, and
his chum being the prior one, he trusted
the other would at least have the good-
ness to wait for his demise; but this was
what the Turk, who had parted with his
beloved beard to obtain the lady, was by
no means inclined to consent to. Words
ensued, and words were on the point of
being followed by blows, in which, as
there was only one Christian against a
round dozen of Turks, the former, though
the first husband, would probably come
off second best, had not his servants,
seeing how matters went called in the
police whose presence put an end to the
fracas.

Inflamed at the double loss of his
beard and his bride, the Turk continued to
urge tenfold vengeance for having been
thus victimized, until the police, appre-
hensive of the consequences, put him by
force on board his own vessel, and sent
him fearless and wifeless back to Con-
stantinople.

CURIOUS EPIITAPH.

A country farmer, by the name of
Kezle, being desirous of having his epi-
taph prepared before his death (though in
good health) sent a message to a cele-
brated Italian poet then passing through
that part of the country, requesting to
come and tarry all night with him and
compose his epitaph, for which he pro-
ffered to give the Italian his supper, his
breakfast and 1000; to these proposals
he readily agreed.

Supper was no sooner over and things
somewhat adjusted than Kezle began to
urge the poet for his epitaph, as he was
anxious to hear what it would be. The
Italian replied that he would pay up as
he went; he had now got his supper and
drink, and would make one half of the
epitaph. Thus he began:

There was a man who died of late,
For whom angels did impatient wait,
With outstretched arms and wings of love,
To wait him to realms above—

Kezle was so well pleased with this
part that he set off early next morning
to collect in some of his neighbors, that
the night hear his beautiful epitaph
when finished; making no doubt but the
latter part would terminate as happily for
him as the preceding seemed so clearly
to forbode. The cunning poet having
his breakfast and supper, shouldered his
knapsack, and put himself in a posture
for starting, pretending to have forgotten
all about the epitaph; however Kezle
soon reminded him of his duty.

It was now a matter of great impor-
tance to him to have his epitaph finished,
as the poet had almost raised him into
the arms of angels, and only wanted
such another impulse to land him in a
heaven, beyond the reach of all his ene-
mies. His neighbors, too, were waiting
with great impatience, to hear the beau-
tiful inscription. Aye, sure enough, said
the semi delinquent, I had like to have
entirely forgotten your epitaph, Mr.
Kezle. Well, since your neighbors
have not heard any part of it, perhaps I
had as well repeat the first part over
again. Do so, if you please, replied
Kezle with anxious expectation. Well,
then, said the Italian poet, standing in the
door, and leaning on his staff:

There was a man who died of late,
For whom angels did impatient wait,
With outstretched arms and wings of love,
To wait him to realms above—
But while they disputed for the prize,
Still hovering round the lower skies,
In slumber the Devil laid a Woezel,
And down to hell he kicked old Kezle.

Thus finished, he took to his heels,
and old Kezle close after him with his
cane; but being unable to overtake the
devil, he returned to share the sympa-
thy of his neighbors who were all in a
roar of laughter.—Clark, *Int.*

FROM THE N. YORK SUNDAE NEWS.

LATE FROM EUROPE.
By the packet ship Orpheus, we have
received London papers to the 14th ult.,
and Liverpool papers to the 16th.
They contain an account of a battle
between the Carlists and the British le-
gion in the service of Spain, before St.
Sebastian. The English made a sortie,
attacked the Carlists, and compelled
them to raise the siege.

LIVERPOOL, May 16.
The arrival of vessels from foreign
ports have, during the last five days,
been uncommonly numerous. Among
them are not less than twelve from India
and China. All the docks are crowded,
and great are the activity and the bustle
among the quays.

Unsettling of Mr. O'Connell.—The
protracted inquiry, in the Dublin elec-
tion terminated on Saturday last, by the
committee, after more than an hour's
debate, coming to this decision, that
Messrs. O'Connell and Rutheven were
not duly elected, but that Messrs. West
and Hamilton were duly elected and
ought to be returned; but it is added
that the opposition was not frivolous or
vexatious. Meanwhile Mr. O'Connell,
an impatient that the decision of the com-
mittee would be against him, has ad-
dressed the electors of Kilkenny, the
seat for which has been vacated to make
room for the liberator. The men of Kil-
kenny have come to the resolution to re-
turn Mr. O'Connell free of expense, and
have requested that he will not leave
London to attend he election. The hon-
orable and learned gentleman will there-
fore be able to resume his seat before the
close of the present week.

An article from Toulon, confirming
the report that the U. States of America
are about to form an establishment on

the borders of Morocco, announces that
the *Stykes* steamer, lately arrived in
that port, was under orders for Tangiers,
whither she is to convey, with all possi-
ble haste, special instructions for the
French consul, either because the
French government desires the emperor
of Morocco to refuse the concession of
the territory demanded by the United
States for its establishment, or to give
explanations respecting the proceedings
of its army of Algiers.

PARIS, May 12.
The reason for assembling a powerful
fleet at Toulon, a proceeding so puzzling
to the speculators of this country, is now
obvious. A war between Russia and
Great Britain, in which France would
necessarily be involved, appears but too
probable. Hence the announcement
last evening of the appointment of ad-
miral Hugon to the command of the
French squadron of observation assem-
bled in the Mediterranean.

THE BATTLE OF ST. SEBASTIAN.
Copy of a letter from General Evans, giving
some account of the British legion on the 5th
of May, dated Heights of St. Sebastian, May
5, 1836.

I have only time to refer to the impor-
tant success gained by her Majesty's
forces this day. The whole of the ene-
my's works, which they had been for
four months incessantly constructing,
have been carried, after a sharp strug-
gle, by assault. They are now in our
possession, with the artillery by which
they were defended, and we shall in the
course of a few days have levelled or de-
stroyed them. I lament to say this vic-
tory has not been gained without consid-
erable loss. It has as yet been impos-
sible to collect the list of casualties, but
I am afraid it cannot be less in killed and
wounded than 60 or 70 officers, and 600
or 700 men. The Spanish and British
troops rivalled each other in their perse-
vering gallantry, and the difficulties of
the operation required it.

It is impossible for me to describe the
gallant and opportune cooperation her
Majesty's troops received from coman-
dore lord John Hay, commanding the
British squadron on this station. His
lordship came into bay at daybreak, and
a few moments after the battle commen-
ced, having with him the steamer frigate
Phoenix, the Salamander and Comet, and
bringing two regiments of the legion, the
4th and 8th, under lieutenant colonel
Godfrey and major Harley, which imme-
diately afterwards rendered valuable
services. The British ships opened a
most effective cannonade against the
enemy's last entrenchments, and the exas-
perated shells which were thrown from
the Phoenix at twelve hundred
yards was quite extraordinary. Some of
these struck the enemy's works and
made a breach through them, which our
troops entered. The enemy defended
themselves with more than usual obsti-
nacy, but were eventually, on all points
of the line, put completely to the rout.

The following letter is from an officer
on board the Salamander steamer, dated
St. Sebastian, May 5:

I again resume my pen at St. Sebas-
tian, having been compelled to break off
yesterday, by getting under weigh, with
lord John Hay's pennant on board. We
arrived here at four this morning, when
we found the Carlists and Queentes
bristly engaged just outside the town,
the Carlists having possession of all out-
side, their first line completely enclosing
us; but they were driven from their posts
twice before they retired to their second
line, which had for its principal strength
a large building on the top of a hill, pro-
tected by field-works, which they defend-
ed certainly in a gallant style, and I am
confident would not have been taken, ex-
cept with very great loss of life, without
our assistance. It was without the
range of our guns from the citadel, and
exactly the range of our shells, with
which, and our own hollow shot, as well
as shot from our 'Long Tom' forward,
we plied them for nearly five hours;—
when, having set the building in flames,
and destroyed the principal part of their
entrenchment, the legion darted forward
at the point of the bayonet, and com-
pletely drove them out of sight.

Further particulars, I cannot inform
you respecting their movements. Our
practice was excellent, five shells run-
ning and falling within their works. I
think we fired 28 shells, exclusive of shot
and I have not the least doubt their effect
was terrific. The Spaniards had no idea
of the range of our pieces. The Sala-
mander arrived just in time to land 1300
men from Santander, to assist in taking
their strongholds. Before the first line
of the Carlists was taken, we had a few
shots fired at us; one struck the water
between us and the Salamander. Had
it fallen on one of our decks, there would
have been awful work, as her decks were
crowded.

NEGROES WANTED.

highest price will be paid for a few Ne-
groes of both sexes, from 10 to 40 years of
age.

T. B. MEGOWAN.
June 30, 1836—31-36

LEXINGTON LIBRARY.

THE accounts of the Library for Contribu-
tions, &c. &c. are placed in the hands of
Mr. W. C. BELL for collection. The friends
of the institution are respectfully and earnestly
requested to pay.

Mr. B. is authorized to sell additional shares.
By order of the Board,
T. B. NELSON, Clerk.
June 20, 1836—31-41

WAY CAR.

A CAR will leave MIDWAY every morn-
ing at 7 o'clock, and returning, will leave
Lexington every afternoon at 5 o'clock.

CHAS. LEWIS,
Master of Transportation.
June 16—30-41

VOLUNTEERS FOR FLORIDA.

In our last was published Governor
Cannon's Proclamation, and the official

call of the President, through the Secre-
tary of War, for 2500 volunteers to ser-
vice in the South. The immediate ser-
vice of these volunteers, to be formed
into a Division, composed of four Regi-
ments, under officers of their own choice,
has been deemed by General Jackson, to
be an object of great importance for the
protection of our southern borders
against the marauding incursions of the
treacherous Creeks and Seminoles.—
The call will be promptly complied with.
When our defenceless frontiers are in-
vaded, by either savage or civilized foes,
it is only necessary to point out the
scene of danger, and give the chivalrous
sons of Tennessee permission to
march. In such events, they neither
stop to count the cost, nor do they ad-
considerations of personal ease or con-
venience to retard their movements.

In this city and county, the work goes
on bravely. On Tuesday two companies,
of the right military material—gallant
and respectable men—were raised and
organized in this city, consisting of Cap-
tain Grundy's Santa Guards, and Captain
Rayburn's Highlanders. From two to
three other companies are nearly raised
in this county. In Sumner, two or three
companies, as we understand, have been
nearly filled. We hear that similar pro-
gress has been made in Maury. A full
company has been raised in Robertson.
In Rutherford, we learn that two com-
panies at least will be raised. From one
to two companies will be raised in War-
ren and Cannon. From other counties
we have no heard, but we have no doubt,
that the full quota called for, will be
speedily raised and ready for service.—
There is a promptitude in the compliance
with the requisition, and in the readiness
with which many of our first citizens
voluntarily forsake their business and
professions, to engage in the campaign,
which shows that the old spirit of 1812-
15 is still alive; and that when the call
comes from the same source, which then
led the sons of Tennessee to victory and
glory, in the Creek nation, and before
New Orleans, it will be obeyed with pa-
triotic alacrity.—Nashville Union.

A Chance for Dramatic Writers.—
Mr. James Wallack, the celebrated tra-
gedian, has offered, through the New
York Mirror, a premium of one thousand
dollars for the best "original play, by an
American author, on a new, striking and
American subject"—the principal char-
acter to be made prominent, and adapted
to his dramatic capabilities. The man-
uscripts to be forwarded, free of postage,
to Mr. George P. Morris, editor of the
Mirror, by the 1st of October next. A
committee of literary gentlemen will be
appointed to decide upon the merits of
the plays offered, and to award the pre-
mium to the fortunate author.—*Low Ad-
vertiser.*

HAPPY DAYS.

A paper was found after the death
of Abraham III, one of the Moorish
Kings of Spain, who died at Cordova
in 961, after a reign of 50 years, with
these words written by himself—Fif-
ty years have passed since I was Caliph
I have enjoyed riches, honors and plea-
sures; heaven has showered upon me
all the gifts that man could desire.
In this long space of apparent felicity
I have kept an account of how many
happy days I have passed—their num-
ber is 14. Consider then, mortals,
what is grandeur, what is the world,
and what is life.

Curing Hums.—A subscriber hands
us the following receipt as a superior
one for curing hums, which has until
lately been held as a secret, and now for
the first time published. Take 2 oz.
sage, and one large teaspoonful of
pearlash to 16 lbs. of ham, and molasses
in the proportion of one gallon to the
hoghead. Make the salt pickle as
strong as possible, dissolve all the above
ingredients, put them in the pickle, and
pour it on the hams. Let them remain
in the pickle under weight, for six weeks,
and smoke them during the cold weather.
They will keep an indefinite period, and
equal to any in the world.—*Huron Re-
flector.*

We have heard of a gentleman who
is remarkably neat and tasteful in his
domestic arrangements, that he has all
his firewood painted and varnished, so
as to render a pile of it rather orna-
mental than otherwise. On Sundays,
he has the ends of the sticks finished
with gold leaf.

NEGROES WANTED.

highest price will be paid for a few Ne-
groes of both sexes, from 10 to 40 years of
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CHAS. LEWIS,
Master of Transportation.
June 16—30-41

VOLUNTEERS FOR FLORIDA.

In our last was published Governor
Cannon's Proclamation, and the official



The Day is Fixed.

ON the 21st July, the most magnificent scheme
ever drawn in the United States, will be dis-
closed. Tickets will soon be scarce, and early
application should be made to
JOHN G. GRAHAM,
Lexington, Ky., or
New Albany, Ind.

Alexandria Lottery, Class 2.

Scheme consisting of only 7140 Tickets.
PRIZES—\$100,000—
\$25,000; \$10,000; \$7,500; \$4,000; \$2,930;
\$2,000; 2 of \$1,500; 3 of \$500;
31 of \$200; 31 of \$200, &c.
Tickets \$50—no Shares.

Virginia Lottery, Class 4.

For the town of Wheeling, to be drawn at Alex-
andria, Va., on Saturday, the 23rd July.

SCHEME:
\$10,000; \$10,000; \$8,000; \$1,000;
\$1,000; \$2,500; 100 of \$1,000!!!
10 of \$500; 20 of \$300; 84 of \$200, &c.
Ticket only \$10—Shares in proportion.

A variety of Schemes are being drawn consan-
taneously—Tickets varying from \$5 to \$10. The Nos.
are received in Louisville eight days from the date
of the drawing—and forwarded on immediately to
all customers. Do not forget to address
JOHN G. GRAHAM,
Lexington, Ky., or
New Albany, Ind.

PAINTING.

THE Subscriber would respectfully inform
the citizens of Lexington and vicinity, that
he is ready to execute all orders in the above busi-
ness with neatness and on the most reasonable
terms.

HOUSE PAINTING.

neatly executed in all its various branches, both
out and inside. Inside painting done in lively
or dead colors—and washing inside walls in dis-
temper colors; warranted not to rub off.

SIGN PAINTING.

All orders for plain, gold, or ornamental signs,
thankfully received and promptly attended to,
Also,

IMITATION OF FANCY WOODS

Paper Hanging and Landscape painting on walls
or fire-boards, oil or distemper colors; clean-
ing and mending all kinds of Oil Paintings or
Engravings, and gilding Picture Frames;
Japanning, and Polishing; Transferring Win-
dow Blinds or Fire Screens; painting; Gilding and
Lacquer, Tinting, Glass or Frames or elsewhere;
Transferring Engravings to Ladies' Work Boxes,
or elsewhere, as may be requested—together with
such various other kinds of work, as may be call-
ed for.

The Subscriber is recently from the City of
New York, where he has had several years expe-
rience in the above branches, he therefore thinks
himself competent to execute all orders in his line
to the entire satisfaction of those who may favor
him with a call. He should not be able to give
satisfaction in those who may employ him, there
will be no charge made whatever, he therefore
hopes to receive a share of public patronage.
His Shop, until further notice, is at Mr. J.
Beach's Gracch Repository, Main street.
JAMES ANDREWS.

N. B. All orders for the country thankfully re-
ceived and promptly attended to.
Lexington, June 21, 1836.—32-41

Choice Wines, Liquors, &c.

THE Subscriber has the pleasure of informing
his friends, customers, and the public gen-
erally, that he has now on hand an assortment of
CHOICE WINES & OTHER LIQUORS of
every description. These were purchased in the
Eastern cities, from a choice of the soberber has
just returned, and selected with the greatest care.
His assortment consists, in part, of
Champagne,
Port,
Madeira, and
Teneriffe
WINE.

And the very best quality of
COGNAC AND CHAMPAGNE
BRANDY.

The subscriber so has on hand some excellent
PORTER by the dozen, and a quantity of superi-
or CHERRY, all of which, with other articles
in his line, he will dispose of on reasonable terms,
at his store on Mill street, next above a Hutch-
inson & Titton's.

JOHN MCKENZIE.
Lexington, June 17—32-41

LEXINGTON,

THURSDAY, JUNE 23, 1836.

We are authorized to announce Mr. A. HIGGINS, a candidate to represent Fayette county in our next Legislature.

JACOB HUGHES, Esq. declines being a candidate to represent the county of Fayette.

ALL ROUND THE HOUSE, BUT NEVER TOUCHES THE HOUSE.

CHARLES A. WICKLIFFE, the Whig candidate for Lieut. Governor, has had published the several appointments, when and where he will address the citizens of the several counties. Great Fayette is entirely omitted in his appointments, but he doubtless considered Brother Bob as good for this county, and therefore he could save the trouble of spending his breath to such a host of Whigs.

On Saturday last, THOMAS SMITH, Esq. was unanimously re-elected President of the Lexington and Ohio Rail Road Company.

The Circuit Court for Fayette commenced its June term on Monday last—Judge Hickey presiding. The trial of Connett, for killing a negro in Scott county, will, we understand, be brought on to-day.

FOURTH OF JULY.—The anniversary of the Declaration of Independence, will be celebrated in this city. The uniform companies will parade, and, with the citizens, march to the "Republican (Maxwell's) Springs," where a barbecue will be prepared by Mr. B. B. B. An address will be delivered by CLYDE R. THOMPSON, Esq.

In all parts of the State from which we have heard, which has been visited by Maj. FLOURNOY, his prospects are extremely flattering; and from the glorious language of the Reporter and other Whig papers, we make large calculations on the success of both FLOURNOY and HISE.

The Young Whigs are invoked to come forth and sustain the Whig cause, or defeat is strongly hinted at. The Young Whigs (we beg their pardon, they were then the National Republicans) were called forth four years ago. They had then a Hercules at their head, and were addressed by him, at the city of Washington; but what was the result? Gen. Jackson was elected, against all the National Republican, alias, Whig manœuvres, by a vastly increased majority. We say, they had then a Hercules at their head—what have they now?

The Young Whigs are not without common sense—nor are they all without a laudable ambition. They must know, if they are not blind to the "signs of the times," that Van Buren and Johnson will fill the two highest offices in the General Government for the next four years, at least. Then what a disappointment can be offered to a high minded, honorable young man, ambitious to serve his country, and to become prominent in the nation, to abandon the democratic opinions which belong to his age, by which all his fair dreams of promotion must be destroyed, and attach himself to a Whig aristocracy, which is doomed to defeat?

To serve his country, is one of the first duties of a citizen; and no one anxious to discharge this duty, but will place himself in a situation, if he honorably can, to perform such service. He can administer, in justice to a real, patronize his bitter and slanderous enemy, however otherwise qualified?

We apprehend the call on the Young men, to oppose the popular will, can be of little avail. Patrons—ambition—glory, will invite them to place themselves where they can be useful to their country, and at the same time give them a position of eminence.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate, June 13, Mr. Clay presented the memorial of sundry citizens of Shelby county, praying Congress to recognize the independence of Texas.

Mr. Niles presented a memorial from the Legislature of Connecticut on the same subject.

Mr. Benton offered a resolution requesting the President to cause enquiries to be made of the deposite and other banks, to ascertain whether any of said banks, in consideration of being made or continued depositories of the public money, will agree to enter into arrangements to discontinue the circulation of notes of a less denomination than \$20,

and also to promote the circulation of gold—Rejected.

In the House of Representatives, June 11, the resolution of the Senate for the final adjournment of Congress was taken up, amended so as to fix the 4th of July as the day, and passed.

TO THE EDITOR.
WASHINGTON, May 29, 1836.

To reach this far famed city, and to see what, by misnomer, is called the collected wisdom of the nation, you have to submit to much inconvenience and imposition. And the further you come from the west, and the less you have travelled, the greater the difficulties you will have to encounter. I had heard much of the modern facilities, prepared for those who wish to transport themselves from one part of the country to another, by the introduction of steamboats, McAdamsized and rail roads; and of course expected to enjoy all the pleasures of travelling, at my ease, through a rich, populous and rapidly growing country—affording the best accommodations for travellers. But alas! how many and bitter have been my disappointments! Not one of my expectations has been realized.

Many of the steamboat captains assume as much importance, and are as high in speech, as the commander-in-chief of an army, and quite as dictatorial in giving orders; a stage driver will hurry you on, not allowing a reasonable time to eat, with as much haste and as little attention to your comfort, as a western grazer would hurry a ballock to a tanning market; and if you complain of his treatment he will contrive to render your condition still more unpleasant; a tavernkeeper will give you a cold breakfast, the worst room and the worst bed in his house, and charge you thirty-three and a third per cent more than he would a traveller, by any other mode of conveyance, for good accommodations; and if you have to lodge in one of the larger cities, the most exalted station in the house will be assigned to you—the dirty room or the garret—a room with two or four beds in it; and every hour or two a visitor, perhaps a blackleg, in search of a bed. For this distinction and comfort, together with some cold tea or coffee for supper, you have to pay only a dollar and a half.

Resistance is vain. After adopting this mode of travelling, you cannot escape from the consequences of it; and, therefore, you have to submit, with what grace you can, to these petty tyrants. They regard you very much as a common carrier, or warehouse keeper would a bale of goods—treat you as roughly as their humor may dictate, get clear of you as soon as possible, so as to secure the compensation and avoid liability for damages. A book might be written on this subject, the reading of which might be greatly profitable to travellers, and those who furnish the means of their transportation; but that not being my present purpose, I will conclude this portion of my letter, by admitting that there are many very respectable and obliging persons engaged in transporting and furnishing accommodations to travellers; and none more so than those on the steamboat and rail road line from Philadelphia to Baltimore.

However great my disappointment in the expected pleasure of travelling here, it was not equal to that which I felt on visiting the House of Representatives. There I found the oldest man in it contending, in a violent manner with the Speaker, upon a point of order; and pertinaciously refusing to take his seat when called to order by that officer and many other members. After indulging in many very unbecoming expressions, he finally appealed from the decision of the point of order; which, however, was sustained by the house, only about forty members voting for Mr. Adams, for he is the person alluded to.

This gentleman has represented the country at many of the most distinguished foreign courts—has been Secretary of State, and President of the U. S. States; and yet, with a single exception, he is reputed to be the most disorderly member of the house. If proof were wanted to show that he never was qualified for the office of President, his course and conduct in Congress has furnished enough to satisfy the most sceptical. The disorder, confusion and delay of business in the present session, are ascribable principally to this gentleman and the corps of abolitionists he has the honor to command, the few White men in the house, headed by Messrs. Bell and Wise, and the most violent of the Nullifiers.

This continued force, fed on by these desperate combatants, has made some of the most daring assaults upon the

Speaker of the house, ever witnessed in that or any other deliberative assembly. The inviolable justice, impartiality and uniformity of his course does not shield him from their vindictive hatred, nor disarm their unrelenting fury. They foresaw that his triumph, in this contest, is the defeat of White and Bell in Tennessee. Hence they wage a war of extermination against him. And although Mr. Adams has no friendship for Judge White; and, I might say, for any other man living; he is willing, generally, to join those who are prepared to do the most mischief; or to gratify, for the moment, his own malignant feelings. It is the influence of those towering and unrestrained passions that suddenly throw him first upon one side and then the other, of the same question, and audits him for public employment.

Who is Mr. Adams' favorite candidate for the Presidency? He has openly denounced Mr. Webster—the best and most talented man proposed by the opposition. If Mr. Clay is for General Harrison, Mr. Adams is against him; for he hates Mr. Clay and always has, except, perhaps, for the short time they were united in administering the government. If for any one, therefore, Mr. Adams is for Judge White. There are more points of sympathy and similarity between him and that gentleman, than between him and any other candidate. He shared his party with the hope of reaching the Presidency; and so did Judge White when excited he is a violent, indiscreet old man; and so is Judge White—he is supremely selfish; and so is Judge White. I might extend the parallel much further; but will conclude it by noticing one other striking resemblance; and that is the rapid waning of the political fame and fortunes of both.

I cannot close these hasty remarks without doing justice to the great body of the opposition in the house. They have uniformly supported the Speaker against the unjust assaults and vituperation of this desperate faction—herely showing that they prefer the character and dignity of the body of which they are members, to the unjust defeat of a high minded and honorable opponent.

We have been informed, through a correspondent of a friend at Washington, that all the volunteers authorized by the late act of Congress of ten thousand will be received from the following States only, viz:

From Georgia,	2,000
" Alabama,	2,000
" Tennessee,	2,500
" Florida,	1,000
" Missouri,	1,000
" Arkansas,	1,000
	9,500.

Of the above, those from Georgia, Alabama, and a brigade from Tennessee have been assigned to General Jessup for the Creek war. The remainder are not called into actual service. None will be received under that act from Kentucky or any of the other States.

We could say to our aspiring warriors, that they will perhaps enjoy an opportunity for the acquiring of military renown ere long, in a renewed contest with Black Hawk and the northwestern Indians. So that they must not grieve too much over their present disappointment, which has been produced, no doubt, by judicious and prudent motives in the Executive, based on economy in expenditure, as well as a regard to health, climate, &c.

At a meeting of the Democrats of Jessamine, on the 20th June, in the town of Nicholasville, for the purpose of selecting a candidate to represent them in the next Legislature, HARRIS & DANIEL, Esq. was called to the chair, and JOHN L. PATE, M. D. appointed Secretary.

On motion of Rich. H. Ridgely, Esq., the chair appointed a committee to retire and recommend to the meeting, a suitable person to represent them in the next Legislature.

The committee retired for a few moments, when Richard H. Ridgely, from said committee, offered the following resolutions, which were unanimously concurred in.

Resolved, That the committee recommend to the Democrats of Jessamine county, Capt. GEO. N. FAULKNER, as a suitable candidate to represent them in the next Legislature.

Resolved, That we, the Democrats of Jessamine county, will use every honorable means in our power, to insure the election of Capt. Geo. N. Faulkner.

Resolved, That the proceedings of the meeting be signed by the Chair and Secretary, and request the Editor of the Kentucky Gazette to insert them in his paper.

On motion, the meeting adjourned.
H. DANIEL, Chm.
J. L. PRICE, Sec'y.

Capt. Faulkner has consented to be a candidate to represent the county of Jessamine.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Elizabethtown, Ky., to his correspondent in Lexington:

"Maj. Flournoy addressed the citizens of this place on the 1st inst. He is decidedly a smart man—not that I am prejudiced; but, because his manner of speech and his clear, matter-of-fact arguments convinced me of the fact. He made many friends here; and you will see, on the first Monday of August, the people of this county will rally round the veteran democrat of Fayette. You may rest assured, from all the information I have had in this and other sections of the State, that Maj. Flournoy's majority will not be less than 3,000 votes; but his friends generally calculate on a much larger majority. Wherever he goes, he makes many friends. Mr. Hise is expected here on the 27th inst. The people here are very anxious to see him."

Sharp shooting.—A duel was fought near the city of Washington, on the 14th between the Hon. Daniel Jenifer, of Maryland, and Jesse A. B. num, of N. Carolina, both members of Congress. "After exchanging six shots, without taking effect, the quarrel was satisfactorily adjusted."

For the Kentucky Gazette.

MR. BRADFORD: I was an auditor of a part of Mr. Wickliffe's speech at the meeting on Monday last, for the appointment of delegates to the Knoxville convention. Supposing that the business of the meeting might be transacted in a few minutes, I was surprised to find the orator laboring out one of his long winded, tiresome and abusive harangues, apparently for the promotion of some political party object. I think I to myself, this speech is very much out of place. We have come here to unite parties in a common pursuit for a great public good. Surely, then, party abuse should be avoided. I remembered however the character of Mr. Wickliffe for a narrow minded contracted party man, and although not surprised at his course, I regretted that his business had not called him elsewhere, until the business of the meeting had been disposed of.

I noticed some of the topics he enlarged upon, and wondered whether he confined himself to the truth. Perhaps you can inform me. He charged the rich manufacturers and merchants of Lexington, and the men of capital, with holding back from the great work of internal improvement, which promises to do so much for our city, and throwing that duty upon the middle class of money men, whilst they were to derive the principal benefit of the improvements. I have understood that the rail road has been made thus far principally by you wealthy men. Mr. Wickliffe should be the last man to cast such a reflection upon them, as he is the only man of capital I believe, who urged that great work on at its commencement, subscribed 20,000 dollars towards it, and after having seen it begin beyond the possibility of retreat, forfeited his stock and ignobly and selfishly backed out. He now enjoys all the benefits of the work in the increased value of his extensive property, and has left to others, to bear the burden. He should, for very shame sake, remain silent upon that topic.

Again, he charged the farmers of the county, through whose property the railroad has been made, as being now in progress, with having exhibited a selfish and narrow disposition, in refusing a free passage of those roads through their farms, and in-teal of that, combining together to procure for each other, heavy verdicts for damages. The one would say to the other, according to Mr. Wickliffe, if you will, as a juror, give me a good verdict in my case I will do the same for you, or to use the elegant figure of the gentleman, "if you will hold I'll me I will skin for you." As I am acquainted with a number of those farmers, thus attacked, and have generally considered them honest men, and as the charge involves the crime of perjury, I am anxious to know what facts have come to Mr. Wickliffe's knowledge to support the assertion; and who they are, who have thus outraged law and justice? Perhaps he can be induced, to give his proofs as he has publicly made the accusation. It would at least be fair to let those who have been publicly assailed, know the charge which has been made upon them, that they may have an opportunity of at least denying it.

Mr. Wickliffe, like our representative in congress Mr. Graves, is known to be a speaker against time. From the great length of his harangue, many supposed that he had resolved to prevent. Major Flournoy from addressing the people in the court room, an appointment for which had been made for that afternoon, in which he succeeded. As Mr. Wickliffe is known to be very contracted in his mind and feelings, we may well suppose him capable of a little act, such as that was. We shall no doubt hear him and his friends boast the achievement. May he long enjoy the honors of the triumph!

I will not trouble you on the various other topics of Mr. Wickliffe's speech, which were such as to injure instead of promoting the ostensible object of the meeting, by annoying the political parties against each other, instead of uniting them. These ever so comment on his efforts the desertion of the larger part of the audience before the conclusion, and the very small vote of twelve or fifteen eyes

in favor of his resolutions. With that support to back him, he may proceed to Knoxville and throw his firebrand into the convention; make much darkness, smoke and perhaps heat, and do all he can to defeat the great work; and surprise the enlightened and practical and liberal men from states who will be there assembled, with the very small size of his mind, and the extremely narrow compass of his views; and then come home and print a "speech delivered by Robert Wickliffe, Esq. before the convention of delegates at Knoxville, upon the subject of the powers of congress to appropriate money for internal improvements." When all that is done, and the subscription papers go round to procure the money to make the road,—to do the work—then Mr. Wickliffe will refuse to subscribe on the ground that the general government should make the road, and he will "curse and quit."

MR. BRADFORD:

Mr. John Card, in March last, gave us the note through your paper for and against the internal improvement bill, but said nothing about the appropriations, as it is not convenient for every one to examine the internal improvement bill, I have drawn off the appropriations as you will see below. You will please give them a place in your paper.

A CITIZEN	
Kentucky river,	\$200,000
Big Sandy river,	25,000
Cumberland river,	40,000
Green and Birren rivers	
\$100,000 in addition to	170,000
	270,000
Three Forks of the Kentucky	
ky	8,000
Licking river	100,000
Bayou de Chen	5,000
Charles river,	1,500
Little Osian and Myfield's Creek,	1,000
Little river,	1,000
Little Birren river,	1,000
Panther Creek	2,500
Lexington and Ohio Railroad	200,000
Green river Railroad	150,000
Little Sandy river	12,000
Rockcastle river	40,000
Salt and Rolling Park rivers	40,000
Mead Brackridge Hancock Henderson and Un on \$1,000	6,000
each for making roads	
Lawrence and Morgan	4,000
Trade water \$25,00 in addition to a like sum	5,400
Nolyn river	3,000
	1,115,900

From the Intelligence

4TH OF JULY CELEBRATION.

The Ladies and Gentlemen of Jessamine county are respectfully invited to partake of a Public Dinner at 2 o'clock, P. M. in the town of Nicholasville, on the 4th day of JULY next, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

The Revolutionary Soldiers are respectfully requested to attend the celebration.

The Field, Staff and Officers of Companies, are requested to participate in uniform.

All the Light Companies of the County are respectfully solicited to participate in uniform.

GEORGE S. SHANKS, } Committee of
RICHARD H. RIDGELY, } Invitation
Nicholasville, June 15, 1836.

The following will be the order of the Procession, which will be for 1 o'clock, Main street, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

1. Field and Staff Officers, on foot.
2. Officers of Companies.
3. Jessamine Cavalry, on foot.
4. Revolutionary Soldiers.
5. Music.
6. Infantry.
7. The Ladies, who are requested to dress in white or black.
8. Orator of the Day, and reader of the Declaration of Independence.
9. Committee of Toasts.
10. Committee of Arrangements.
11. The Clergy and Chaplains of the Day.
12. Citizens generally.
13. Infantry.

In order to facilitate the formation of the procession, the Ladies are requested to assemble in the Baptist Church at half past 9 o'clock; Revolutionary Soldiers in the Court house; Cavalry, Companies and Officers, on the public square; the Light Infantry on Main street; and the Citizens on Main street.

THOMAS T. COOPER,
CALEB M. MATHEWS,
GEO. S. SHANKS,
JAMES D. HILL,

Mars's of the day

The following suggestion of the Baltimore Patriot is sensible, and seems to have been written with an eye to Wise, Graves, Waddy Thompson, Ben. Hardin, J. Calhoun, Sherrod Williams, &c. Loure. Adj.

Congress.—It has been suggested to us that the most effectual mode of inducing this body to break up and go home, would be to refrain altogether from publishing its proceedings. If every editor in the country would pursue this plan, the two houses would soon disperse. There are hundreds of members who seem to protect the session for no other purpose than to see their names in print and to receive their per diem.

The remark we made some days since, that Mr. Hise will receive an overwhelming vote in the counties south of Green river, is fully confirmed by intelligence received from gentlemen residing in that part of the state. Nor is this all. Maj. Flournoy has made very favorable impressions in all the counties he has visited, and especially at those places in which he happened to come in contact with Judge Clark. The democrats of Kentucky have only to act with their

accustomed promptitude and energy to secure a signal and glorious victory.— [Ib.]

Sentence of the Journeymen Tailors.—The Court of Over and Termor met on Saturday, and pronounced sentence upon the journeymen tailors indicted for a conspiracy. H. Faulkner, president of the society, was sentenced to a fine of \$150; Howell Vail, \$100; eighteen, the remaining number, \$50 each—and to stand committed till the fines be paid. [Ib.]

Garlic.—The medical properties of garlic are various. In dyspepsia, catarrhs, asthmas and agues, it is said to have been successfully used. Some instances have occurred, in distress, of the beneficial effects of wrapping a clove of garlic in muslin and putting it into the ear. As a medicine internally taken it is usually administered as a bolus, or made into pills. Its smell is considered an infallible remedy against vapors and is useful in nearly all nervous disorders to which females are subject. An oil is sometimes prepared from garlic, which is so heavy as to sink in water; but the virtues of this pungent vegetable are more perfectly and more readily extracted by spirit of wine than in any other way. A syrup is also made from it.

The juice of the garlic is said to be the best and strongest cement that can be adapted for broken glass and china, leaving little or no mark if used with care. Small worms, and the grubs or larvae of insects, as well as moles and other vermin, may be driven away by putting preparations of garlic in or near their haunts.—Domestic Encyclopedia.

DIED, in this county, on the 4th inst., MARY LUDLA, daughter of Richard A. Lud, Esq. aged about 15 months.

On the 4th inst., a female infant, Mrs. DOROTHEA COO, 31, consort of Mr. Henry C. Coons, in the 31st year of her age.

OBITUARY.—Departed this life on the 17th inst., in the 24th year of her age, Mrs. SUSAN GANO BRYAN, consort of Capt. William B. Bryan, of this county. Her death will be sorely felt and deeply deplored by all who knew her. A.

KENTUCKY JEANS.
CONSIGNMENT of superior KENTUCKY JEANS, for sale at wholesale by LEO THIBAUTS, Lexington, June 31.—32-40

COTTON PLAINS.
Consignment of 600 COTTON PLAINS (a superior article for making clothing) and for sale by the piece or package, by LEO THIBAUTS, N. B. Persons having orders to purchase would do well to call on him at Lexington, Ky. June 21.—32-41

ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION.

BY THE 4TH OF JULY CELEBRATION, on Monday, July 4th, at 2 o'clock, P. M., in the town of Nicholasville, on the 4th day of JULY next, at 2 o'clock, P. M. The Revolutionary Soldiers are respectfully requested to attend the celebration.

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Look at This!
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Committee of Toasts.

Committee of Arrangements.

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Citizens generally.

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JAMES D. HILL,

Mars's of the day

The following suggestion of the Baltimore Patriot is sensible, and seems to have been written with an eye to Wise, Graves, Waddy Thompson, Ben. Hardin, J. Calhoun, Sherrod Williams, &c. Loure. Adj.

Congress.—It has been suggested to us that the most effectual mode of inducing this body to break up and go home, would be to refrain altogether from publishing its proceedings. If every editor in the country would pursue this plan, the two houses would soon disperse. There are hundreds of members who seem to protect the session for no other purpose than to see their names in print and to receive their per diem.

The remark we made some days since, that Mr. Hise will receive an overwhelming vote in the counties south of Green river, is fully confirmed by intelligence received from gentlemen residing in that part of the state. Nor is this all. Maj. Flournoy has made very favorable impressions in all the counties he has visited, and especially at those places in which he happened to come in contact with Judge Clark. The democrats of Kentucky have only to act with their

accustomed promptitude and energy to secure a signal and glorious victory.— [Ib.]

Sentence of the Journeymen Tailors.—The Court of Over and Termor met on Saturday, and pronounced sentence upon the journeymen tailors indicted for a conspiracy. H. Faulkner, president of the society, was sentenced to a fine of \$150; Howell Vail, \$100; eighteen, the remaining number, \$50 each—and to stand committed till the fines be paid. [Ib.]

Garlic.—The medical properties of garlic are various. In dyspepsia, catarrhs, asthmas and agues, it is said to have been successfully used. Some instances have occurred, in distress, of the beneficial effects of wrapping a clove of garlic in muslin and putting it into the ear. As a medicine internally taken it is usually administered as a bolus, or made into pills. Its smell is considered an infallible remedy against vapors and is useful in nearly all nervous disorders to which females are subject. An oil is sometimes prepared from garlic, which is so heavy as to sink in water; but the virtues of this pungent vegetable are more perfectly and more readily extracted by spirit of wine than in any other way. A syrup is also made from it.

The juice of the garlic is said to be the best and strongest cement that can be adapted for broken glass and china, leaving little or no mark if used with care. Small worms, and the grubs or larvae of insects, as well as moles and other vermin, may be driven away by putting preparations of garlic in or near their haunts.—Domestic Encyclopedia.

DIED, in this county, on the 4th inst., MARY LUDLA, daughter of Richard A. Lud, Esq. aged about 15 months.



TOILETTE SALOON
GEO. W. TUCKER,
 Barber & Fashionable Hair Dresser,
 (Sign of the HIGHLAND COLUMNS, Main street,
 Lexington, Ky., nearly opposite the Phoenix
 Hotel.)

CONTINUES all branches of the business in his usual fashionable and tasteful style. From his long experience, having made the principles of the profession his study, and perfection in its practice his aim, he feels confident, that the most fastidious will acknowledge themselves gratified with his performance, as being all they could reasonably desire.

Though his business has much increased since the public have become well acquainted with the comforts he offers, yet gentlemen need not fear that on that account they will be neglected, or obliged to wait, for he has employed competent and obliging aid in every part of the establishment, and gives to the oversight of the whole, his own constant personal attention.

He has just received the latest Philadelphia and New York fashions for HAIR DRESSING, both for Gentlemen and Young Men; and to his part of the business will give his particular individual attention.

To the philosophical among his patrons, he would say, that, if desired, he will cut the hair so as to exhibit physiognomically the intellectual endowment and moral character.

G. W. T. has just received a large assortment of FANCY ARTICLES, consisting of Combs, Pins, Collars, German Pipes, Snuff Boxes, Musical Snuff Boxes, (a superior article), Maggic Fish and Geese, Soap, finest quality of Hair Brushes, Tooth Washes and Powders, Gentlemen and Ladies' Pocket Books and Purse, Gentlemen and Ladies' Suspenders, a fine assortment of Ladies' Hair Work, Wigs and Top Pieces (assorted colors), Hair Ranges and Straps, Children's Toys of every description, Tea Sets, &c., a fine assortment of Playing Cards, Backgammon Boards and Chessmen; also Tapes and Lucifer Matches, some fine Havana Cigars, Cavendish Tobacco and Snuff; and a fine assortment of Hair Oil, Indian Oil and Indian Dye, for coloring red and grey hairs a beautiful black, without injury to skin or hair, and other articles too numerous to mention.

G. W. T. has a mode of operating upon the head peculiarly his own, which gives him universal satisfaction to those who submit their scalps to his magic manipulations, brightening up the summer evening dullness of the worried, and smoothing the wrinkles on the brow of age. No description can do it justice—it must be tried to be appreciated.

In the rear of the Toilette Saloon the attention of his customers is attracted by the spacious, convenient, beautiful, and luxurious

Mediterranean Baths,
 which have given general satisfaction last year, but which have since undergone a thorough repair and improvement; and are now ready to administer cold, warm, tepid, or salt Baths, from 5 o'clock, a. m., to 10 p. m.

In regard to his whole Establishment, he invites the citizens of Lexington and visitors to call and extend the patronage, already so liberally bestowed upon him, for which they shall have his thanks and his best exertions to please.

May 24, 1836.—27-1f

WANTED—Two Apprentices to the Barbering and Hairdressing Business. Youths from 12 to 15 and 18 years, who can come well recommended, will be preferred.

G. W. TUCKER.
 (The Observer & Reporter and Intelligence will add the above to G. W. T.'s advertisement already in their papers.)

LOST,
 BETWEEN the mouth of Hickman and Lexington on the Raceground, on Thursday, 2d June, (inst.), a SMALL GREEN POCKET BOOK, with a steel clasp, containing one \$50 and one \$10 bill on the Harrisburg, Pa. Bank; the finder will be entitled to the 10 dollars by leaving it at this office or at Thomas J. Brown's Nicholasville, or to the Subscriber at the Kentucky river Bridge.

June 11.—29-3f

JESSAMINE CIRCUIT Set., April term 1836.

LEWEL BUTLER, and others, Complainants, against

ROBT. P. PENISTON, Defendant.

IN CHANCERY.

THIS day came the Complainant by their Attorney, and on his motion and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant is not an inhabitant of this Commonwealth, it is therefore ordered that unless the defendant appear here on or before the first day of the next July term of this Court, and answer the complainant's bill, the same shall be taken for confessed against him; and it is further ordered that a copy of this order be inserted in some authorized newspaper of this Commonwealth for two calendar months in succession.

A copy Attest, D. B. PRICE, Clk jec
 By J. S. FLETCHER, d.c. 19-36

DOCTORS CROSS AND JOUETT,
 HAVING settled in the city of Lexington, offer their services to the public as

Physicians, Surgeons and Accoucheurs.

Dr. Cross bears leave to remind the public, that while in Europe, under the great masters of the art, he paid particular attention to the subject of LITHOTOMY, and now proposes to relieve those afflicted with Stone or Gravel, by an operation, in which no cutting instrument is employed, and which is also, comparatively, destitute of both pain and danger.

Office Main street, immediately above Brennan's Hotel.

Lexington, April 16, 1836.—15-1f

LAND FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale the TRACT OF LAND, upon which now resides one and a quarter miles east of Nicholasville, containing 130 Acres, all enclosed under good fence; forty or fifty acres Wood Land; a fine young Orchard; a never-failing Spring; comfortable Dwelling and good out Buildings.

Persons wishing to purchase, would do well to call immediately, as the subscriber intends selling the first good offer.

W. T. MILES.
 May 12, 1836.—20-1f

JOB PRINTING
 EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE

June 16—30-1m

JESSAMINE CIRCUIT Set. April Term, 1836.

JAMES SHIELD, Complainant, against
 WILLIAM PRICE'S Heirs, &c. Defendants,
IN CHANCERY.

THIS day came the Complainant by his counsel and on his motion and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the Defendants, George Withers and Martha, his wife, the unknown heirs of Merriam C. Bradshaw and Eliza, his wife, John Hay, George, his wife, Wm. Price, his wife, John W. Price, Peter Withers and Evelina, his wife, Joseph Hughes and Cassandra, his wife, Samuel Hughes and Mary, his wife, Stephens and Polixeny, his wife, David Dale and Louisa, his wife, the unknown heirs of Spencer Clark and Betsy, his wife, William Holmes and Susan, his wife, Joseph Drake and Martha his wife, the unknown heirs of Mary Bradshaw, &c., do hereby certify that they are not inhabitants of this Commonwealth and having failed to answer the Complainant's bill agreeably to law and the rules of this Court, it is therefore ordered that unless they appear here on or before the first day of the next July term of this Court and answer the Complainant's bill, the same shall be taken for confessed against them; and it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be inserted in some authorized newspaper of this State, for two calendar months in succession.

A Copy—test, D. B. PRICE, clk jec
 By JOHN FLETCHER, d.c. 19-36

LEXINGTON BREWERY. The public are informed that the proprietor of the Lexington Brewery having taken it into his own hands, and having repaired and fitted it up in the best manner, and associated himself with one of the most scientific and practical Brewers in the Western country, has no hesitation in assuring the vendors and lovers of Malt Liquors, that they will furnish them with Porter, Ale and Beer of a superior quality, to any made in said Brewery for the last 10 years. Beer will be ready for delivery by the 1st of September next, when it is hoped that judges of Malt Liquors will be convinced that nothing but a full knowledge of the business, and attention thereto, is essential to the making of as good Porter, Ale and Beer in Lexington, as any part of the world.

BARLEY, BARLEY, BARLEY. Wanting—Ten thousand bushels of Barley, for which the highest price in cash will be paid on delivery at the above Brewery. Farmers supplied with full barley for seed. CLARY, & Co.
 August 19, 1835—34-6m

J. B. JOHNSON
 TAKES pleasure in returning his thanks to his friends and the public, for the liberal patronage extended to him for the last ten years, and would respectfully inform them, that he has taken into partnership Mr. HENRY CRUMBAUGH, who will give his undivided attention to the shop. The business will be conducted and managed under the firm of JOHNSON & CRUMBAUGH.

JOHNSON & CRUMBAUGH
 Have on hand a fine assortment of SADDLERY: Iron band Leather TRUNKS, a first rate article; English Bridle LEATHERS, Single and Double, of the best quality; together with a good assortment of all other articles usually kept by Saddlers, which they offer at a reasonable price.

Shop opposite Brennan's Hotel, Lexington, Ky.
 May 5, 1836.—18-3m

NOTICE.
 WHEREAS, the undersigned, having transpired, and made an intended partnership with Ingersoll & McClelland for the construction of the stone work at the Cliffs, on Kentucky river;—The business in future will be conducted in their names, and they will be responsible for all contracts and business connected with this work from the commencement to the close of their operations.

Their characters as contractors, and their business habits will, no doubt, sufficiently recommend them to the company and the public.

JAMES S. COOK.
 April 23.—16-1f—Dayton Dem. Herald.

DENTISTRY.
 DR. HARRIS, Dentist, informs the citizens of Lexington, that he has returned to the City, and may be found at the PHOENIX HOTEL, (Room No. 6) where he will be happy to receive the calls of such as may desire his professional services. He will remain in the city for a few weeks only.

March 4, 1836.—9-1f

RENOVATING, SCOURING, TAILORING AND SILK DYEING BUSINESS.
 THE undersigned would inform the citizens of Lexington and the public generally, that he has opened a shop for RENOVATING, SCOURING and TAILORING BUSINESS, on Main street, opposite Brennan's Hotel. He assures those who may feel disposed to patronize him, that he will spare no pains to give satisfaction in all cases. His work will be done in the very best manner, and on the lowest terms.

Lex. May 12, 1836.—20-2m

\$400 REWARD
 WILL be given for the apprehension of a fellow, whose name is said to be PHILIP HART. This fellow, on the 4th inst. attempted to take the life of Mrs. Wallace, wife of Rev. B. J. Wallace, of this place—having entered the house in daytime, with Mr. W. had stepped on, and made an attack upon her with a dirk or knife, and has since fled in the direction to Lexington, Ky. Said Hart is about five feet ten or eleven inches high, rather slenderly made, with black hair, light grey eyes, large Roman nose, and had at the time, large black whiskers. He had on a green frock coat, black velvet vest, black stock, and sometimes wears a light drab box coat; no other clothing recollected. From the description given, he is supposed to have been seen two days afterwards, at Bell's, Three Forks, in Warren county, and was enquiring his way towards Lexington. The Grand Jury of this county has found an indictment against him.

The above reward, which has been raised by many respectable citizens of this place and Logan county, will be given to any person or persons who may apprehend said Hart and deliver him to the proper authorities.

The subscription paper is in the hands of the editor of the Russellville (Ky.) Advertiser.

Capers throughout the United States, are respectfully requested to insert the above, and by so doing, further the ends of justice.

Russellville, Ky. April 14, 1836.

CANDY'S WHOLESALE PORTER, ALE & CIDER ESTABLISHMENT
 Corner of Main and Limestone streets, Lexington, Ky.

June 16—30-1m

ALL NEW.
 THE subscriber grateful to his friends and the public generally for past favors, would respectfully inform them, that, after having been engaged in manufacturing Tobacco for the last 15 years, he has been compelled, in consequence of the scarcity of leaf Tobacco, to change in some measure, his business. He has therefore just received and will keep constantly on hand a complete assortment of

FRESH GROCERIES;
 A part of which is as follows:
 50 Sacks COFFEE.
 30 Barrels No. 3 MACKEREL, fresh 1835
 10 Boxes Fresh Blown Raisins,
 6 Doz. Figs, first quality,
 2 Barrels of first rate strained Honey,
 2 Barrels Chesnuts, first quality.
 A complete assortment of SHOES & BOOTS, superior quality,
 7 Dozen Willow Market Baskets, of assorted sizes, Allspice, Ginger, Pepper, Indigo, Shot;
 Also, 2 Barrels of first quality LARD SU-GAR. A complete assortment of GROCERIES of all kinds, will be kept constantly on hand, low for Cash, or fine Leaf Tobacco.

The highest price will be given for from forty to fifty thousand pounds of Tobacco in the leaf, of a first rate quality.

ROBERT GRAY.
 N. B. Tobacco and Segars kept constantly on hand as usual.
 Lexington Jan 1, 1836.—1-1f \$1*

MONEY LOST.
500 DOLLARS REWARD. Lost in the town of Frankfort, on the morning of the 4th inst., between Weisiger's tavern and the head of the inclined plane, a sealed package containing THREE THOUSAND DOLLARS, in \$50 notes of the Bank of Kentucky, probably all payable at the mother Bank at Louisville. The envelope was sealed, and the notes doubled in the middle, and as well as recollected, endorsed on the envelope as follows: "A \$3000 to pay to the order of John Brand, Esq." The above reward will be paid to any person who will deliver said package to Col. Peter Dudley, in Frankfort, to Messrs. Smith & Keats, in Louisville, or to myself in Lexington.

Hanks and others may help to the discovery by taking notice of whom they receive notes of the above description.
 D. A. SAYRE.
 Lexington, Ky. Feb. 10, 1836. mar. 19-11 f

Emporium of Fashion.
 Gentlemen's Outfitting and Furnishing Establishment.

T. RANIN, MERCHANT TAILOR,
 MAIN-ST. LEXINGTON, KY.

WOULD announce to his friends and the public generally, that he is now receiving a full and complete assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTING

Of the latest fashions, together with an extensive variety of Gentlemen's, Youth's and Children's ready made Clothes, of cloth and summer wear, with every description of Fancy Articles in his line, rather superior to any thing offered in this market. They were bought in the East with great care, for Cash, and will be sold low for the same material. The clothes were manufactured expressly for himself, and are warranted to be in the height of the fashion, and in the best manner

SHIRTS.
 Linen, Cotton and Silk, Shirts; Plain and Ruffled Bosom Gingham do.; Col. lars, &c.

WALKING CANES.
 Fancy, Sword, Whalebone and Gold Tipped Walking Canes.

TAILORS' SHEARS, &c.
 Heinrich's improved Tailor's Shears, Trimmers, Small Points and Barber's Shears.

STOCKS, &c.
 A new style of Stocks and Silk Bosoms.

FROCKS AND PANTS.
 Super Silk Frocks and Pants for Youths and Children.

DRESS AND FROCK COATS, &c.
 Super Bombazine Dress and Frock Coats and Pants.

SUMMER CLOTHING, &c.
 Morning Gowns, and Summer Clothing of all varieties.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS,
 Which he will make up to order, in the most fashionable and best style of workmanship.

Orders from a distance shall be promptly attended to. Thankful for the very liberal patronage heretofore received, he solicits a continuance of the same.

The Fashions, punctuality and neatness of work, shall be faithfully attended to.
 Lex. April 26, 1836.—17-3m

JUST RECEIVED,
 20 BBL'S. Mackerel, No. 2.
 4,000 lbs. Bacon, (to be sold from one lb. to a thousand)

1 Hoghead superior quality SUGAR.
 R. GRAY.
 Corner of Limestone and Water streets, between Brennan's Hotel and the upper end of the market house.
 April 23, 1836.—16-1f

JABEZ BEACH.
 A T his Coach Depository opposite General Combs's, on Main street, respectfully informs the citizens of Kentucky, that he has now on the way, and expects to receive, about the middle of May, a splendid assortment of

CARRIAGES,
 Manufactured expressly for him, in New Ark. N. Jersey, consisting of Coaches, Broughams, Buggies, &c. &c. His customers may be assured, that the Carriages are made of the best materials, and in the first style of Elegant and Substantial Workmanship.

J. B. will keep a number of hands in his shop, and is at all times ready to repair Carriages, and has no doubt of giving entire satisfaction to his customers.

Lexington, April 30, 1836.—17-1f

FOR SALE. A half league of land, in Austin's Colony, Texas, very eligibly situated on Dick's or Dickson's Creek, a navigable stream, emptying into Galveston Bay, at whose mouth the town of Houston is laid out, commanding a fine harbor. The above tract was selected for the proprietor by persons familiar with every league in the Colony—it consists of a mixture of prairie and timbered land, and is the finest that can be, for the cultivation of Cotton or Sugar, all conditions having been fulfilled, and expenses paid. It is recommended to persons desirous to emigrate to Texas, as saving much trouble, expense and delay. Inquire at this office.
 Lex. Aug 27, 1835.—35-1f

NOTICE.
 AT a meeting of the board of Directors of the Lexington Fire, Life and Marine Insurance Company, it was resolved, that a call of FIVE DOLLARS per share be made on the stockholders, payable on the first Monday in June next.

A. O. NEWTON, Secretary.
 Lex. F. L. and M. Ins. Co.

FOR SALE.
 THE well known three story BRICK HOUSE on Main street, occupied formerly by Morrison and Bradley, and at present by Messrs. 1835 and Wright as a Dry Good Store. This extensive property, 50 feet front, running back to Water street opposite the Red Road Warehouse, contains a brick Stable, Carriage house and other buildings, forming altogether a most valuable possession for stores and family residence. For terms apply at my residence on the premises.
 LUCY D. GATEWOOD.
 Lexington, May 19, 1836.—22-1f

JUST RECEIVED,
 A LOT of SUPERIOR FLOUR, manufactured by I. W. Smith expressly for family use—warranted superior.
 JOHN W. HUNT & SON.
 Lexington, May 15, 1836.—22-2m

FIRE!
 RISKS of Insurance will be taken by the Lexington Fire, Life and Marine Insurance Company, against Fire, on Buildings or Furniture in town or country. Specifications in writing, to be left with the subscriber.
 O. NEWTON, Secretary.
 Lexington, May 13, 1836.—22-1f

LOST.
 ON Saturday last, about one o'clock in the morning, a BLACK LEATHER POCKET-BOOK with a Steel Spring Clasp, tolerable large size, with a five dollar bill and four dollars in silver and other papers; between Candy's Coffee House and the Forks of the Road leading to Paris. Any person having found the same, will confer a favor on the subscriber, and receive a fair compensation for his trouble, by leaving it at Candy's Coffee House; the loser being a Waggoner in his employ and a coloured man.

Lexington, May 16, 1836.—21-1f

REMOVAL.
 CABINET MAKING.
 THE subscriber respectfully informs his old customers, and the public generally, that he has removed his CABINET SHOP and Dwelling House to the stand formerly occupied by J. J. Johnson, on Main Street, immediately opposite the Masonic Hall, where all articles in his line of business can be had on short notice and good terms. He invites all wishing to purchase to call upon him.

VANNOY'S PATENT BEDSTEADS made to order on short notice.
 JOSEPH MILWARD.
 Lexington, Dec. 12, 1835.—2-1f

NEW SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.
 RAINEY AND FERGUSON
 WOULD respectfully inform their customers and the public, that they have commenced receiving and opening a large and very complete assortment of

Staple & Fancy Dry Goods,
 selected by one of the firm, who is yet in the East, endeavoring to select new style and desirable GOODS from the very late arrivals of Spring Packets in the cities of New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore. Those now opening consist of a large lot of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, of every variety of color and quality; a great variety of SUMMER GOODS, for gentlemen and boys' wear; a handsome assortment of Plain and Figured Black and Colored SILKS and SAT-INS, and Satin Stripe HERNANDEZ, Painted LAWNS, MUSLINS, &c. &c.; a splendid stock of French Worked Muslins and Bobinet Caps and Collars.

A variety of the latest Spring and Summer Bonnets; Robinson and McCurdy's Extra Fine Kid, Satin and Prunella Slippers; a handsome assortment Ingrain, Venetian and Straw Carpet; also a large lot of Wall Paper; Together with a variety of GOODS, not usually kept in Dry Good Houses.

A good lot of German Burlaps, an excellent substitute for flax linen. R. & F.
 N. B. A heavy lot of good TOW LIXEN on hand. R. & F.
 P. S. Our stock being uncommonly large, we would say in Country Merchants, that we would furnish them at a small advance. R. & F.
 April 16, 1836.—16-1f

MESSANGER DUROC.
 WILL stand the ensuing season at my stables on the Lexington Association course. Particulars &c., made known in due time.

Pedigree in a concise form.
 Messenger DuROC, by DuROC; dam Vincenta, by Messenger; Slender; Lath; Wildair; True Briton; Joseph Anderson's imported mare by Marske; Starling; Partner; Smiling Ton—Traveller's dam by Almazanor; Bay Bolton's sister by Grey Habb; the celebrated Blunder; Diamond; Sister to the dam of old Merit by Bostoner.

JAMES SHY.
 January 10, 1836.—2-3f

"TEXAS."
 IN PRESS, and will shortly be published, and for sale at the bookstores, at the Intelligence office, "Texas," being a Historical Geographical and descriptive work, of THREE HUNDRED PAGES duodecimo, by

MRS. MARY JUSTIN HOLLEY.
 PRICE : : : : : \$1 50
 Lex. May 30, 1836.

The Barry Monument
 ALL those gentlemen who had subscribed papers or funds, for the erection of the above Monument, will be good enough to return them immediately to John Norton, Esq., the Treasurer of the Committee. May 23, 1836.—22-1f

CAUTION.
 I HEREBY inform all and every person or persons whatever from trading for a lot given by me between the 25th Dec. 34 and 1st Jan. 1836 for \$70 or \$75 to Mrs. Susan Tegard, as I have paid said note long since, and will not again do so unless compelled by law.

THOS. RANNEY.
 Lex. June 11, 1836.—29-3f

\$10 REWARD.
 LOST on the 9th inst. between Norton's Drug Store and Keiser's Tavern, a SMALL POCKET BOOK, containing \$65, and some notes.

The above reward will be paid to the finder by leaving it at the Gazette or Intelligence Office.
 Lex. June 13.—29-3f

Intelligence insert 3f

ONE OR TWO APPRENTICES,
 To learn the Art of Printing, will be taken boys between the ages of 14 and 16 would be preferred.
 Lexington, March 5.—9-1f

NEW GOODS FOR 1836.
SAMUEL ROBINSON & CO.
 Are now receiving their

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS,
 COMPRISING a very general assortment of nearly every variety of Fancy and Staple Articles, usually kept in Dry Good Houses; among which are a choice lot of Cloths and Cassimeres; Men and Boys' Summer Goods, Hats and Ladies' Bonnets, Boots and Shoes—Alas, Hardware, Queensware, and China in Tea and Dinner Sets, Guitars, &c. They respectfully invite their customers and friends to call and examine.

April 2, 1836.—13-1f

MAYES & BLANCHARD.
 JUDGE MAYES & HORACE E. BLANCHARD have associated themselves in the practice of the LAW, in the Fayette Circuit Court, will attend to all business entrusted to their care with zeal and promptitude.
 Lexington, March 4, 1836.—9-1f

FURNITURE WARE ROOM.
 THE undersigned, recently from Cincinnati, having increased their stock of Furniture, have the pleasure of offering a large assortment, and will endeavor to keep such a supply as will enable their customers to furnish themselves on as short notice and as favorable terms as elsewhere. They have now on hand and will continue to manufacture the following:

SIDEBOARDS, various styles, with Marble Tops;
 Dressing Bureaus do do
 " " " " do do
 " " " " do do
 " " " " do do
 Purchased Basson Stands do
 Mahogany Dining, Breakfast, and Parlor Tables;
 Extension, Hall and Sideboard Tables;
 SOFAS, Spring Seats;
 Mahogany Chairs;
 Boston Rocking Chairs, do; Easy do;
 Bed Steps; Patent Bedsteads, on an improved plan, tried and approved; with all other articles in their line.

They are prepared to attend to Funeral calls.
 An arrangement has been made for a supply of Eastern made PIANO FORTES.
 VENETIERS for sale.
 Just received, as a sample, one of Swift's Iron-rotated Patent Elastic Casing-shedders, and also, a second-hand Piano for sale on rent.

THOS. W. POWELL,
 HORACE E. DIMICK,
 Jordan's Row, 5th door from Main St.
 Lexington, April 30, 1836.—17-1f

PROSPECTUS
 OF THE LEXINGTON PRICE CURRENT AND COMMERCIAL REGISTER.
 Enlarged and improved.

THE Proprietress of this paper, Mrs. J. W. PALMER, takes this opportunity of presenting her grateful acknowledgments, for the patronage she has hitherto received from a generous public, which has afforded to herself and her children a comfortable support. The Price Current was commenced by her deceased husband, J. W. Palmer, about five years ago; it was at first printed on a small sheet, and consequently could then contain but little more than the prices current, and quotations from the principal markets of the United States. It was enlarged in the same year to its present size—since which time, selected miscellaneous pieces from popular periodicals, and papers have been inserted in its columns. She has since enlarged the paper to an extra-imperial sheet: A new press and type have been procured; and no pains will be spared by herself or by Mr. Thomas Hewson, the gentleman employed as printer, to render the Price Current worthy of a continuance of patronage.

The commercial and domestic interests of Louisville will be especially attended to; means will be put in requisition to obtain the earliest information of commercial interest from all the principal cities of the Union, and a direct correspondence with London and Liverpool in England, and Dublin in Ireland, will be immediately entered into. The best political and literary journals, not already received shall be procured; and whilst the columns of the Price Current shall remain free from political controversy, all interesting matter of a general political nature shall be inserted, and literature and mechanical information and improvements shall meet with most attentive notice, and be published in the most judicious manner.

As far as their abilities will permit, the Proprietress and Editor of the Price Current design to make it a useful commercial reference to city and country Merchants, Manufacturers, Mechanics and Farmers; and a pleasing free-side companion to families and persons of leisure.

The Price Current's being enlarged, will no doubt increase the extent of its circulation, especially amongst city and country Merchants who are now its principal patrons. We solicit an increase of advertising custom.
 Terms.—The price will remain as before—\$3 per annum in advance. MARY PALMER

BLUE LICK WATER.
 THE first fresh supply this day received by D. BRADFORD, Main street, where it will be constantly kept during the season.
 Lex. May 12, 1836.—20

NEW SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, FOR 1836.
 THE Subscriber is now receiving and opening at his store, Main street, a large and handsome assortment of French, English and American

STAPLE AND FANCY GOODS;
 Such as are usually offered in this market. He invites his friends and the public generally, to call and examine his stock for themselves, and if he intends to sell as low as any other house in the city.
 April 16, 1836.—15-1f

New Grocery Store.
 CURTIS J. SMITH
 WOULD respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has taken the stand on Main street, lately occupied by T. Rankin, a few doors below Brennan's Hotel, and immediately opposite Miss Susan Cook's Boarding House, where he has and intends keeping on hand a general assortment of

FRESH FAMILY GROCERIES,
 as good and as cheap as can be had in the city.—Families or dealers supplied by the quantity at the wholesale prices.

N. B. A large supply of measures, half bushels, pecks and half pecks, sealed, on hand and for sale.
 May 12, 1836.—10-1f